FOR ALL STUDENTS TAKING ALGEBRA II 2013-2014 SUMMER REVIEW PACKET



Dear Student and Parent/Guardian,

The math department at Central Dauphin School District wants you to be successful in Algebra II. We also want you to be prepared for PSSA and Keystone Exams. This summer packet is designed to help you reach these goals by reviewing necessary skills.

Be sure to follow the key information below when completing this packet:

- The packet is due when you return to school in August.
- Every problem must be completed. None left blank.
- The packet is worth 10 times a regular homework grade.
- Work must be shown to receive credit no work, no points.
- Final answers must be shown on the answer pages at the back of the packet.
- A possible Quiz covering the material from the packet may be given at the end of the first week of school. These topics also tie in with the first few units of Algebra II.
- When you return in August, you will have the opportunity to ask questions. Math Help will also be available during the first week.

We hope that you have an enjoyable summer and return to school ready to be successful in Algebra II!

Helpful Websites

<u>www.glencoe.com</u> <u>www.wolframalpha.com</u> <u>www.regentsprep.org</u> <u>www.purplemath.com/modules</u> <u>www.Aleks.com</u> (a website where you can subscribe for individual math lessons) <u>www.khanacademy.org</u>

Chapter 1 Equations and Inequalities

Example:

Evaluate $x^2 - (y+2)$ if $x = 4$ and y	<i>y</i> = 3
$x^2 - (y+2) = 4^2 - (3+2)$	Replace x with 4 and y with 3
$=4^{2}-5$	Add 3 and 2
= 16 - 5	Evaluate 4 ²
=11	Subtract 5 from 16

Evaluate each expression if x = 3, y = 4, and z = 21. $y^2 + 3z$ 2. $8(x - z)^2 + 3y$ 3. 5|x+6|-|6y|4. |y-z|+2|xz|

Example:

Solve $7x + 56 = 5x - 11$ -5x - 5x	Subtract 5x from each side
2x + 56 = -11 $-56 -56$	Simplify Subtract 56 from each side
2x = -67	Simplify
$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{-67}{2}$	Divide each side by 2
<i>x</i> = -33.5	Simplify and check the result

Solve:

5. $7 + 5n = -58$	6. $3w + 14 = 7w + 2$
7. $-\frac{2}{3}a + 5 = 19$	8. $5y + 4 = 2(y - 4)$

Example:

Solve $3 2x+9 = 33$	
$\frac{3 2x+9 }{3} = \frac{33}{3}$ $ 2x+9 = 11$	Divide each side by 3 to isolate the absolute value Simplify
2x + 9 = 11 or $2x + 9 = -11$	Split using definition of absolute value and solve each equation.
2x = 2 or $2x = -20$	Subtract 9 from each side

x = 1 or x = -10 Divide each side by 2. Check your solutions

Solve:

9. |x - 18| = 5

11.
$$68 = 2|y-2|$$
 12. $|3n+2|+4=2$

Example:

Solve 7x-5 > 6x+4 and graph <u>-6x</u> <u>-6x</u> Subtract 6x from each side x-5 > 4 Simplify <u>+5+5</u> Add 5 to each side x > 9 Simplify

* Recall when you divide or multiply by a negative number you switch the inequality symbol

Solve and graph:

13. $4x + 7 \le 3x + 9$	$14m > \frac{m+4}{9}$
15. $13 \le 2x + 7 \le 17$	16. $y - 2 > -3$ or $y + 4 \le -3$

Example:



19. |5n-8| > -4 20. $|2y-9| \le 27$

Chapter 2 Linear Relations and Functions Forms of Linear Equations

Forms of Linear Equations							
Standard	Point-Slope	Slope-intercept					
Ax + By = C	$(y-y_1)=m(x-x_1)$	y = mx + b					
Slope Formula $m = \frac{y_2}{x_2} - \frac{y_2}{x_2$	$\frac{y_1}{x_1}$						
Example:							
Graph $2x - 3y = -18$							
Method A: using a table	Method E	3: using slope-intercept form					
Find the x-intercept	Solve for	V					
2x - 3(0) = -18	2x - 3y =	=-18					
2x = -18	-3v = -2	2x - 18					
	2						
x = -9	$y = \frac{2}{3}x + $	- 6					
Find the v-intercept	5	X					
2(0) - 3y = -18							
2(0) 5y = 10							
-5y = -10							
<i>y</i> = 0							

Graph: 1. 5x + 2y = 20

2. 3y - x = -6

Example:

Write equations of lines given slope and a point.
$$m = -\frac{3}{2}$$
, passes through $(-4,1)$ $y = mx + b$ $1 = -\frac{3}{2}(-4) + b$ Substitute the point for x and y and the slope for m $1 = 6 + b$ $-5 = b$ Simplify

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x - 5$$

Write the equation in slope-intercept form

Write the equation of the line with the given slope passing through the given point

3.
$$m = 3$$
; (5,7)
4. $m = \frac{2}{3}$; (-12,2)

Example:

Write equations of lines given two points. (6,1);(8,-4)

 $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-4 - 1}{8 - 6} = -\frac{5}{2}$ Use the slope formula to find slope y = mx + b $1 = -\frac{5}{2}(6) + b$ 1 = -15 + b 16 = b $y = -\frac{5}{2}x + 16$ Write the equation

Write the equation of the line passing through the two given points. 5. (2,-3);(-3,7) 6. (-3,5);(2,2)

Example:

Write equations of parallel and perpendicular lines.

If $m = -\frac{5}{2}$, then the parallel slope is the same $m = -\frac{5}{2}$

and the perpendicular slope is the opposite reciprocal $m = \frac{2}{5}$

Write the equation of the line that passes through (2,-1), perpendicular to the graph of 2x + 3y = 6.

First find the slope of the line (solve for y)

2x + 3y = 6 $\frac{-2x}{3} = \frac{-2x}{3} + \frac{6}{3}$ Subtract 2x $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 2$ Simplify $perpendicular slope is m = \frac{3}{2}$ y = mx + b $-1 = \frac{3}{2}(2) + b$ Use the slope and the point to find b -1 = 3 + b -4 = b $y = \frac{3}{2}x - 4$ Write the equation

Write the equation of parallel or perpendicular lines

7. (2,-1), parallel to graph of 2x + 3y = 6

8. (-4,1), perpendicular to line whose slope is
$$-\frac{3}{2}$$

Challenge: (2,-5), perpendicular to graph of x = 4

Chapter 3 Systems of Equations and inequalities

Methods to solve a system of equations

1. Graphing 4x + 2y = 10 x - y = 1Solve each equation for y $4x + 2y = 10 \rightarrow y = -2x + 5$ $x - y = 1 \rightarrow y = x - 1$



The solution is (2,1), where the two graphs intersect.

2. Substitution

4x + 2y = 10x - y = 1

Solve one equation for one variable $x - y = 1 \rightarrow x = y + 1$ Substitute into other equation 4(y+1)+2y = 10Solve the equation 4(y+1)+2y = 10 4y+4+2y = 10 6y+4=10 6y=6 y=1Plug the answer into one of the original equations to find the other variable. x - (1) = 1 x = 2Solution is (2,1) **3. Elimination** 4x + 2y = 10x - y = 1

Choose a variable to be opposite coefficients Let's choose y. Multiply 2^{nd} equation by 2

$$4x + 2y = 10 \rightarrow 4x + 2y = 10$$

$$2(x - y = 1) \rightarrow 2x - 2y = 2$$

$$6x = 12$$

$$x = 2$$

Add

Plug the answer into one of the original equations to find the other variable.

Solve the following system using all 3 methods. (Do all work on answer key)

x + 2y = 62x + y = 9

- 1. Graphing
- 2. Substitution
- 3. Elimination

Solving systems of inequalities

The solution is the intersection of the shaded areas of the graphs.

 $3x - y \ge 4$ 2x + y > 3Solve for y $3x - y \ge 4 \rightarrow y \le 3x - 4$

$$2x + y > 3 \rightarrow y > -2x + 3$$



Solve the system of inequalities

4. $3x + 2y \ge 6$ 4x - y > 2

Name _____

You MUST show your work and circle your answers. Chapter 1 2.

1.

3.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

10.

11.

13.



NameSummer Packet – Answer SheetYou MUST show your work and circle your answers.Chapter 21.2.

3.

4.

6.

5.

7. Parallel

8. Perpendicular

9. CHALLENGE:

NameSummer PacYou MUST show your work and circle your answers.

Chapter 3

1. Graph

2. Substitution

3. Elimination

4. Graphing Inequalities

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